

# SFP-9040-55

155M~2.67Gbps SFP Optical Transceiver, 40km Reach

### Features

- Support 155Mbps to 2.67Gbps multi-rate data links
- 1550nm DFB laser and APD photo detector for 40km transmission
- Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472 with duplex LC receptacle
- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring: Internal Calibration or External Calibration
- Compatible with RoHS
- +3.3V single power supply
- Operating case temperature:

Standard : 0 to +70°C

Extended : -20 to +85°C

### Applications

- SDH STM-16 and SONET OC-48 system
- 2X Fiber Channel
- Switch to Switch interface
- Switched backplane applications
- Router/Server interface
- Other optical transmission systems

### Description

The SFP transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting multi-rate of 155Mbps~2.67Gbps and 40km transmission distance with SMF.

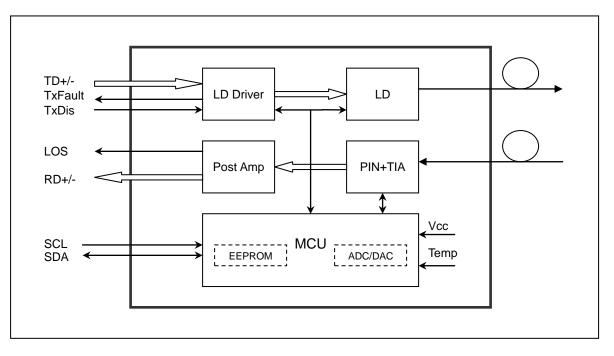
The transceiver consists of three sections: a DFB laser transmitter, a APD photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) and SFF-8472. For further information, please refer to SFP MSA.





# Module Block Diagram



# Absolute Maximum Ratings

#### **Table 1 - Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

# **Recommended Operating Conditions**

### Table 2 - Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
	Standard	Та	0		+70	°C
Operating Case Temperature	Extended	Тс	-20		+85	°C
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Power Supply Current		lcc			300	mA
Data Rate			155		2670	Mbps

# **Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

### SFP-9040-55: (DFB and APD, 1550nm, 40km Reach)

#### Table 3 - Optical and Electrical Characteristics

-	ical and Electr	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
	Transmitter						
Centre \	Navelength	λς	1430	1550	1580	nm	
Spectral V	Vidth (-20dB)	σ			1	nm	
Side Mode S	uppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Average (	Dutput Power	Pout	-2		+3	dBm	1
Extinc	tion Ratio	ER	8.2			dB	
	ise/Fall Time %~80%)	tr/tf			0.16	ns	
-	wing Differential	V <sub>IN</sub>	400		1800	mV	2
Input Differe	ntial Impedance	Z <sub>IN</sub>	90	100	110	Ω	
TV Disable	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V	
TX Disable	Enable		0		0.8	V	
TX Fault	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V	
I A Fault	Normal		0		0.8	V	
			Receiv	er			
Centre \	Navelength	λc	1260		1580	nm	
Receive	r Sensitivity				-28	dBm	3
Receive	er Overload		-9			dBm	3
LOS	LOS De-Assert				-30	dBm	
LOS Assert		LOSA	-40			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis			1		4	dB	
Data Output S	Swing Differential	Vout	370		1800	mV	4
	LOS	High	2.0		Vcc	V	
	_03	Low			0.8	V	

#### Notes:

1. The optical power is launched into SMF.

2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated. 3. Measured with a PRBS  $2^{23}$ -1 test pattern @2488Mbps, BER  $\leq 1 \times 10^{-12}$ .

4. Internally AC-coupled.



# **Timing and Electrical**

### Table 4 - Timing and Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Мах	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock			400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	V <sub>H</sub>	2		Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	VL			0.8	V

# Diagnostics

### Table 5 – Diagnostics Specification

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration	
Temperature	0 to +70	°C	°C	±3°C	Internal / External
	-20 to +85		20 0		
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal / External	
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal / External	
TX Power	-2 to +3	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External	
RX Power	-30 to -9	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External	

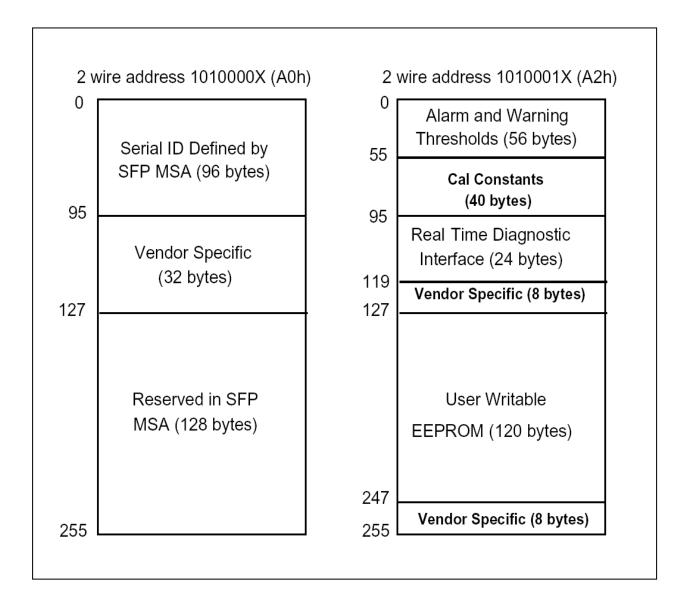


### Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

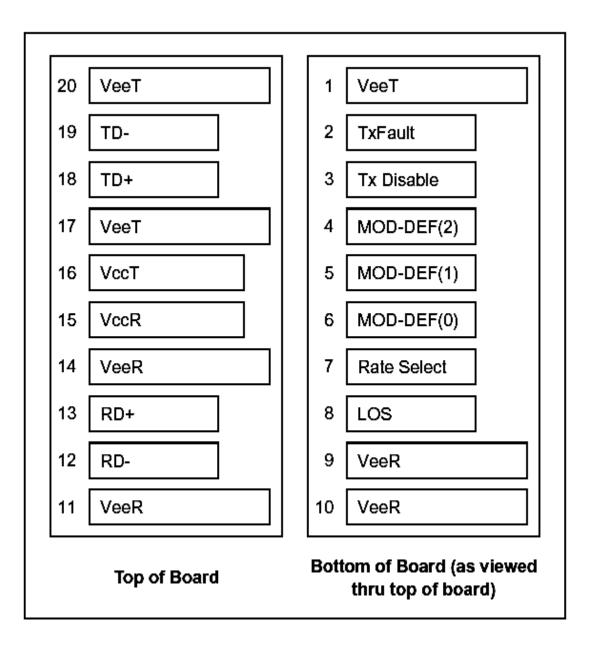
The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.





### **Pin Definitions**

Pin Diagram





### **Pin Descriptions**

Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	Note 3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	Note 3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	3	Note 3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
9	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver ground	1	
10	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver ground	1	
11	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 5
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 5
14	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
15	V <sub>CCR</sub>	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	V <sub>CCT</sub>	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
20	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	

#### Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

 TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.

2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7k \sim 10k\Omega$  resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 to 0.8V):	Transmitter on
(>0.8V, < 2.0V):	Undefined
High (2.0 to 3.465V):	Transmitter Disabled
Open:	Transmitter Disabled

3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.

Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

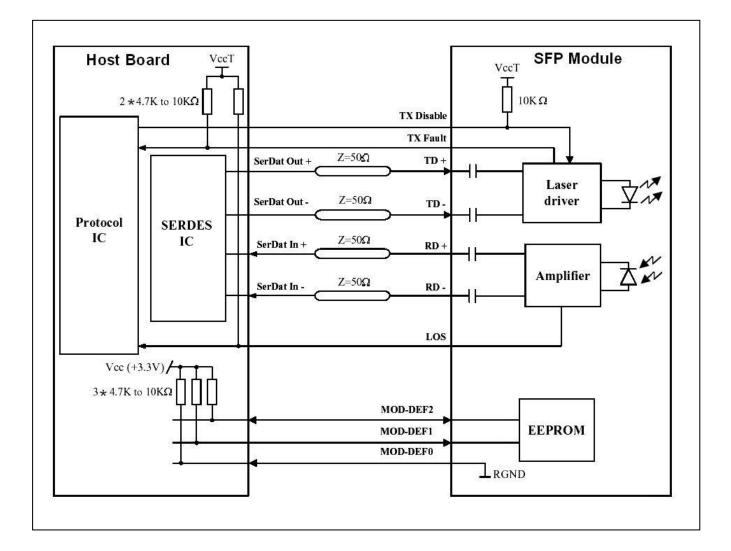
Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

- 4) LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 5) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 6) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.

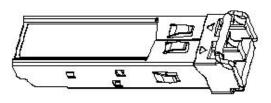


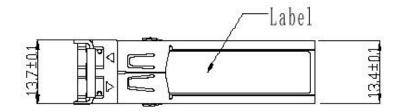
# **Recommended Interface Circuit**

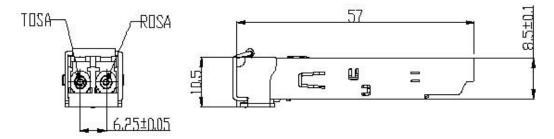




# **Mechanical Dimensions**







# **Regulatory Compliance**

ROBOfiber's SFP transceivers are designed to be Class I Laser safety compliant and are certified per following standards:

Feature	Agency	Standard	Certificate / Comments
Laser Safety	FDA	CDRH 21 CFR 1040 annd Laser Notice No. 50	1120295-000
Product Safety	BST	EN 60825-1: 2007 EN 60825-2: 2004 EN 60950-1: 2006	BT0905142001
Environmental protection	SGS	RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC	GZ0902007478/CHEM
EMC	CCIC	EN 55022: 2006+A1: 2007 EN 55024: 1998+A1: 2001+A2: 2003	CTE09020023



### **Ordering information**

Part Number	Product Description					
SFP-9040-55	1550nm, 155Mbps to 2.67Gbps, 40km,	0°C ~ +70°C,	With Digital Diagnostic Monitoring			
SFP-9040-55-I	1550nm, 155Mbps to 2.67Gbps, 40km,	-20°C ~ +85°C				
SFP-9040-55-IDD	1550nm, 155Mbps to 2.67Gbps, 40km,	-20°C ~ +85°C,	With Digital Diagnostic Monitoring			

### References

- 1. Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) Transceiver Multi-Source Agreement (MSA), September 2000.
- 2. Telcordia GR-253-CORE and ITU-T G.957 Specifications.

### **Important Notice**

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e-mail: sales@robofiber.com